

Dengue Vaccines Mahidol

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Prospects for a dengue virus vaccine | Nature Reviews ...

DENVax or TAK-003 is a recombinant chimeric vaccine with DENV1, DENV3, and DENV4 components on a dengue virus type 2 (DENV2) backbone originally developed at Mahidol University in Bangkok and now funded by Inviragen (DENVax) and Takeda (TAK-003).

Dengue infection and advances in dengue vaccines for ...

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Dengue vaccine for travelers/foreigners in Thailand ...

Tetravalent Dengue Vaccine It is estimated that there are 390 million cases of dengue virus infection each year. In this double-blind, placebo-controlled trial, a tetravalent dengue vaccine was eva...

Dengue Vaccine - Faculty of Tropical Medicine, Mahidol ...

The first major effort at live attenuated dengue vaccine development began at the University of Hawaii using the traditional method of serial passage of virus in a nonhuman host and then transferred to Mahidol University in Bangkok, Thailand for further passage and development of candidate vaccines and testing [Bhamarapravati and Sutee, 2000; Halstead and Marchette, 2003]. The candidate vaccine was used for phase I and II clinical trials in Thai adults and children.

Observing the Difficult Development Course of Dengue Fever ...

Therefore, the aim of this study is to investigate the in vitro anti-dengue activity from Thai medicinal plants. In this present study, ten medicinal plants were collected from Siri Ruckhachati Natural Park, Salaya campus, Mahidol University.

Key Amino Acid Substitution for Infection-Enhancing ...

Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever (DHF) is a mosquito-borne tropical disease that is among the most prevalent health challenges worldwide. Although vaccine development has proven effective to certain degrees, there are 400 million DHF infected people each year, with another 3 billion people prone to this infection.

Jaturong S. | Faculty | Department of Microbiology ...

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Live attenuated tetravalent dengue vaccine - ScienceDirect

DENVax or TAK-003 is a recombinant chimeric vaccine with DENV1, DENV3, and DENV4 components on a dengue virus type 2 (DENV2) backbone originally developed at Mahidol University in Bangkok and now funded by Inviragen (DENVax) and Takeda (TAK-003). Phase I and II trials are ongoing in the United States, Colombia, Puerto Rico, Singapore and Thailand.

About Research - tm.mahidol.ac.th

8. Currently, World Health Organization (WHO) recommends dengue vaccine in people age 9-45 years old who live in the dengue endemic area. There is no recommendation for travelers. 9. In conclusion, let us repeat our recommendation again. We DO NOT recommend the use of dengue vaccine in travelers visiting Thailand. For those who live/work in Thailand (the expat), we also do not recommend.

Dengue Vaccine Research and Development

The requirements that four dengue vaccines must be developed and combined as a single vaccine to preclude the development of ADE, DHF and DSS in vaccinees and that the vaccine provides long-term ...

Siriraj-BIOTEC researcher has successfully developed a ...

Research and development on live attenuated tetravalent dengue vaccine with safety and ability to provide long lasting protective immunity has been pursued since 1980. Vaccine production was achieved by serially passages of dengue viruses in the certified cells under GLP compliance and guidance by WHO Peer Review Committee.

Dengue vaccine - Wikipedia

Although dengue vaccine (Dengvaxia®) has been approved in Thailand, the efficacy of this vaccine is as low as 44% in children younger than 9 years old and varies among different serotypes. Thus, more effective vaccines that induce protective immune responses against dengue infections are still in need.

Effect of Thai Medicinal Plant Extracts against Dengue ...

The first dengue virus vaccine, Dengvaxia, now licensed in 20 endemic countries, the EU and the USA, provides protection against severe dengue in seropositive individuals but increases the risk for naive recipients to develop severe dengue and to be hospitalised.

Dengue Vaccine | Dengue | CDC

Researchers from the Department of Clinical Tropical Medicine, the Department of Tropical Pediatrics and the Vaccine Trial Center, under Professor Dr. Punnee Pitisuttithum, together played a key role in testing the vaccine in Thai children between the ages of 2 and 16 years, conducting trials that found the dengue vaccine to be safe, moderately efficacious, with an overall 81% reduction in risk of severe dengue infection.

Latest developments and future directions in dengue vaccines

Other vaccines against dengue are in the pipeline and work with international collaborators is ongoing at the Faculty of Tropical Medicine in order to improve vaccine efficacy.

The Takeda dengue vaccine: Promising results bring hope ...

The Mahidol vaccines appear to be unacceptably reactogenic in children and adults [21, 23]; for this and other reasons, Sanofi Pasteur ceased codevelopment of the Mahidol formulations. Of note, no severe cases of dengue occurred in 104 Thai vaccine recipients who were monitored 5-6 years after immunization.

Sutee Yoksan, M.D., Ph.D., Prof. - Institute of Molecular ...

SEARO then awarded a grant to Professor Natth Bhamarapravati at Mahidol University in Thailand to develop the first tetravalent dengue vaccine in early the 1980s. Dr Scott Halstead shared his work with Professor Natth.

Efficacy of a Tetravalent Dengue Vaccine in Healthy ...

The development of a live attenuated tetravalent dengue vaccine is currently the best strategy to obtain a vaccine against dengue viruses. The Mahidol University group developed candidate live attenuated vaccines by attenuation through serial passages in certified primary cell cultures. Dengue serotype 1, 2 and 4 viruses were developed in primary dog kidney cells, whereas dengue serotype 3 was serially passaged in primary African green monkey kidney cells.

Dengue Vaccines Mahidol

Dengue Vaccine Globally. A vaccine to prevent dengue (Dengvaxia®) is licensed and available in some countries for people ages 9-45 years old. The World Health Organization recommends that the vaccine only be given to persons with confirmed prior dengue virus infection.

Thai Travel Clinic.com - The Special clinic for traveler's ...

In January 1993, Mahidol University and Sanofi Pasteur signed an agreement to jointly develop a quadrivalent live-attenuated vaccine against dengue fever, which was developed industrially by the latter. Both parties jointly conducted clinical trials. In 2004, Sanofi Pasteur decided to give up because the DENV-3 strain was reactive and unsolvable.